

# Fully-Worked Solutions

## PRACTICE 2

### Section A

1  $\frac{144}{28} = \frac{36}{7}$

28 is not a factor of 144.

Answer: C

- 2 462 cannot be divided completely by 13, thus 13 is not a prime factor.

Answer: D

3  $1 \times 126$

$2 \times 63$

$3 \times 42$

$6 \times 21$

$9 \times 14$

14 and 21 are factors of 126, but 3 is not a factor of 14.

Answer: D

4  $1 \times 360$

$8 \times 45$

$2 \times 180$

$9 \times 40$

$3 \times 120$

$10 \times 36$

$6 \times 60$

$12 \times 30$

$4 \times 90$

$15 \times 24$

$5 \times 72$

$18 \times 20$

The number of factors of 360 is 24.

Answer: B

5  $90 = 2 \times 3^2 \times 5$ ,  $140 = 2^2 \times 5 \times 7$ ,

$200 = 2^3 \times 5^2$ ,  $320 = 2^6 \times 5$

$2 + 3 + 5 = 10$

Answer: A

6 Answer: D

7 Answer: C

8  $1 \times 84$

$4 \times 21$

$2 \times 42$

$6 \times 14$

$3 \times 28$

$7 \times 12$

8 is not a factor of 84, thus 84 is not a multiple of 8.

Answer: C

9  $2 \mid 4, 6, 9$

$2 \mid 2, 3, 9$

$3 \mid 1, 3, 9$

$3 \mid 1, 1, 3$

$1, 1, 1$

$\text{LCM} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 = 36$

Answer: B

10

$2 \mid 8, 12, 16$

$2 \mid 4, 6, 8$

$2, 3, 4$

$\text{HCF} = 2 \times 2 = 4$

$2 \mid 8, 12, 16$

$2 \mid 4, 6, 8$

$2 \mid 2, 3, 4$

$2 \mid 1, 3, 2$

$3 \mid 1, 3, 1$

$1, 1, 1$

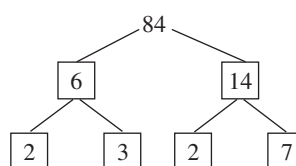
$\text{LCM} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 48$

$\text{Sum} = 4 + 48 = 52$

Answer: C

### Section B

1



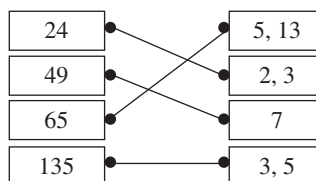
2 (a) FALSE

(b) TRUE

(c) TRUE

(d) FALSE

3



4

②	6	9	8	⑦	11
13	⑤	③	12	14	10
20	30	35	28	70	60

### Section C

1 (a)  $3 \mid 6, 12, 18$

$2 \mid 2, 4, 6$

$2 \mid 1, 2, 3$

$3 \mid 1, 1, 3$

$1, 1, 1$

$\text{LCM} = 3 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 36$

$3 \mid 6, 12, 18$

$2 \mid 2, 4, 6$

$1, 2, 3$

$\text{HCF} = 3 \times 2 = 6$

$\text{Difference} = 36 - 6 = 30$

- (b) (i)  $48 = 2^4 \times 3$   
 $72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$   
(ii)  $\text{HCF} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 24$   
 $\text{LCM} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 = 144$   
(c) Factors of 24 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24  
Factors of 32 = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32  
Common factors = 1, 2, 4, 8

2 (a) 
$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 54, 90, 72 \\ 3 & 18, 30, 24 \\ 2 & 6, 10, 8 \\ \hline & 3, 5, 4 \end{array}$$

$\text{HCF} = 3 \times 3 \times 2 = 18$

- (b) (i) Factors of 42 = 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 14, 21, 42  
 $x = 6 \times 3 = 18$

(ii) 
$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 18, 42 \\ 2 & 6, 14 \\ 3 & 3, 7 \\ 7 & 1, 7 \\ \hline & 1, 1 \end{array}$$

$\text{LCM} = 3 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7 = 126$

- (c) Multiples of 13 = 104, 117, 130, 143, 156, 169, 182, 195  
Number of multiples = 8

- 3 (a) Factors of 48 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24, 48  
 $y = 2, 3, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24$

(b) 
$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 18, 24 \\ 2 & 6, 8 \\ 2 & 3, 4 \\ 2 & 3, 2 \\ 3 & 3, 1 \\ \hline & 1, 1 \end{array}$$

$\text{LCM} = 3 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 72$

Number of mint candies

$= \frac{72}{18}$

$= 4$

Number of fruit candies

$= \frac{72}{24}$

$= 3$

- (c) Factors of 72 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 72  
 $z = 12, 18, 24, 36$